Country	AUST	RIA
	2022	2020
Madical procesiation	ا- مداد ده مس	olugue recuire d
Medical prescription What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?	required	always required
- Doctor diagnosis	√	√
- Physiotherapy treatment type	V	./
- Area to be treated		√
- Number of treatment sessions		√
		V
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber	√	✓
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		✓
Other (please specify)	By law it's necessary	V
Other (pieuse speeliy)	that the diagnosis and physiotherapy are included. Treatment Type, Area, Number and Frequency CAN be specified by the prescriber but it's not a must	
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	√	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not		
required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		Patients can refer themselves to physiotherapists for prevention.
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical		
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	√	√
Dhusiakhayariaka aya lagallu ayah ayinad ka diyashlu yafay a gabiaya ka		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist		
- A medical specialist - A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?		
The everall entirefaction rate with the local level of every sure for which the entire terms of the second sure of the second s	2	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	2	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Direct Access - also with reimbursement, Referal possible to other health professionals	

Additional information	
ACCITIONAL INTOLLIATION	

Country	BELGIL	JM
,	2022	2020
Medical prescription	required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	√	
- Physiotherapy treatment type		√
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions	√	
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		/
in consultation with the prescriber	√	✓
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		,/
Other (please specify)		v
Carac (product special))		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	·	
- Some other important reason, please comment	1	
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
	5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	Patient with self-referral can get the treatment only in private clinics and for the service they have to pay without	
	reimbursement.	
		<u>.</u>
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Dhusiath againt again hadh agus hadh		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		,
- A medical specialist	√	<u>√</u>
- A general practitioner	√	
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the		
physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private distant of your country.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?		
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	3	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	Poing allowed to	
country?	Being allowed to diagnose, referral to other health professionals and legal	
	authorisation for self- referral for the patients.	

Additional information	

Country	BOSNIA HERZ	
	2022	2020
And the Language Matter		
Medical prescription	required in private	always required
	clinics	
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	√	
- Physiotherapy treatment type	✓	√
- Area to be treated	√	✓
- Number of treatment sessions	✓	✓
- Frequency	✓	√
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	✓	✓
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	✓	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not	Patients can refer	
required?	themselves if they want	
	to have a treatment in	
	the private clinic	
of the addition to a good to be decided as a second to be delegated as a second to be decided as	·	
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can		
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical	Patient with self-referral	
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	can get the treatment	
	only in private clinics	
	and for the service they	
	have to pay without	
	reimbursement.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
i hysiotherapists are regainy authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the		
inguistricia place are regardy dustriorised to prescribe inedication as part of the		
nhysiotherany treatment		
physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country	Physiotherapists in	
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country	private system have an	
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country	private system have an autonomy in	
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country	private system have an autonomy in assessment and	
physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	private system have an autonomy in	
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	private system have an autonomy in assessment and	
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country	private system have an autonomy in assessment and	

What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Assessment and treatment prescription	
Additional information	No profession regulation and consequently, no autonomy for physiotherapist. Physiatrist refer the	
	patient to a physiotherapist	

Country	BULGA	ARIA
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type	✓	
- Area to be treated	√	
- Number of treatment sessions	√	✓
- Frequency	<u> </u>	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber	√	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
(kinasopany)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	<u> </u>	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.		√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	There is no difference between the autonomy in the private and public systems in Bulgaria.	_

The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	1	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10		
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	We would like to	
country?	improve the following	
	aspects:	
	Physiotherapists to	
	have the possibility to	
	adapt specifics of the	
	treatment in the	
	prescription without	
	asking the prescriber	
	and to make functional	
	assessment and	
	diagnosis; The patients	
	to have direct access to	
	physiotherapy services;	
Additional information		

Country	CROA	TIA
*** ***	2022	2020
Medical prescription	√ – in private practice no medical referral or doctor's recommendation is required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	\checkmark
- Physiotherapy treatment type		✓
- Area to be treated		✓
- Number of treatment sessions	✓	√
- Frequency	√	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		√
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber		✓
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	✓	√
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
 To have an access to physiotherapy services 	✓	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	✓	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	In the public sector, the costs of physiotherapy services received by the patient are covered by the national health insurance, while in the private sector the patient bears all costs, as private physical therapy practices are not approved by the national insurance to contract physical therapy services. Unlike	

	direct access in the private sector, in the public sector a person with a disability must first visit a general practitioner, then a specialist in physical medicine and rehabilitation, who decides whether the patient can be referred to a physiotherapist or undergo additional diagnostic tests before placement. indications for physiotherapy. Unlike direct access in the private sector, the path to physiotherapists in the public sector is extremely long, and thus directly calls into question the quality and availability of public health care.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	In the private sector, physiotherapy practice is under the absolute autonomy of physiotherapists. For a patient seeking the services of a physiotherapist in the private sector, physiotherapy is available immediately and is not conditioned by a doctor's referral, ie the patient has the right to direct access to a physiotherapist. In private practice, the physiotherapist completely independently manages the physiotherapy process, from setting the indication, intervention, all the way to discharge from physiotherapy. According to the initial	

assessment, the physiotherapist decides whether physiotherapy is indicated, and in accordance with the indication and the findings of the assessment, together with the patient he/she decides on a complete physiotherapy plan, based on commonly set goals and evidence of effectiveness. In the public sector, access to a physiotherapist and the implementation of physiotherapy is conditioned by a referral from a doctor, a specialist in physical medicine and rehabilitation. In addition to determining the duration or episodes of physiotherapy in advance, physical medicine and rehabilitation specialists take it upon themselves to specify the content of the physiotherapy plan and program, which is in conflict with the established legal professional rules in our country. A very important difference between the private and public sectors is the time it takes for a person with a disability to receive physiotherapy services. Unlike direct access in the private sector, in the public sector a person with a disability must first visit a general practitioner, who, if he deems it justified, refers him to a specialist in physical medicine and rehabilitation, and who decides whether the patient can be referred physiotherapist or must undergo additional diagnostic tests before setting an indication for physiotherapy. This time is crucial not only for the patient but also for the physiotherapist, and in order to achieve the common goals arising from the need for physiotherapy.

	Inequality of practice in the private and public sectors should not be allowed.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	2	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	In the context of professional autonomy, we believe that the practice of direct access in the public and private sectors should be harmonized, which would also strengthen the professional autonomy of physiotherapists and patients' rights to equality in providing or receiving health care. Specific elements of professional autonomy that we strive for are the possibility of prescribing certain types of pain medications, and referring patients to other health professionals as well as referring to diagnostic procedures relevant to the physiotherapy process.	
Additional information	The physiotherapy	For all hospitalised
	profession in Croatia has harmonized everything with the laws and positive regulations at the national level and the world standards of our main organization. Therefore, specialist physicians should only indicate the need for physiotherapy, but in the public sector this is not a practice, but a violation of the professional autonomy of physiotherapists prescribed and guaranteed by law. As mentioned earlier, the practice is uneven. Furthermore, physiotherapy as an activity carried out by a physiotherapist is not recognized by the state insurance, ie the state insurance does not want to contract or pay for services to the physiotherapist, which is a great discrimination	patients, physiotherapists independently determine a therapy plan / program but it must adhere to possible medical indications and contraindications.

for the whole region. In public health, the activity of physical therapy is not recognized when contracting with national insurance, ie national insurance in public health contracts only the medical activity of physical medicine and rehabilitation, under which national insurance considers it physical therapy, which is not true because the Health Care Act (it is a law that regulates complete health care services) specifically regulates the provision of physical therapy services in primary (Article 30, paragraph 2, indent 15) and secondary care (Article 32, paragraph 2), separately from the provision of physical medicine and rehabilitation. Specialists, through their practices of physical medicine and rehabilitation, contract their activity with the national insurance, and this national insurance implies that it is physiotherapy. The Health Care Act is at the following link: https://narodnenovine.nn.hr/clanci/sluz beni/2018_11_100_192 9.html We would also like to point out that the Minister of Health has abolished the internship for all health professions except for physiotherapists without any explanation. Our Council demanded that physiotherapists internship sholud also ve abolished, because it is a big blockade to enter the practice (many physiotherapists wait for several years to get an internship), but we did not receive any response.

Country	CYPR	OS
,	2022	2020
Medical prescription	required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?	,	
- Doctor diagnosis - Physiotherapy treatment type	√ 	√
, or other day, the data state of pe	√	
- Area to be treated	√	
- Number of treatment sessions	✓	
- Frequency		<u> </u>
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	√	
in consultation with the prescriber	V	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	√	
without asking the prescriber	v	
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services		
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	✓	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not		
required?	Datianta and orfor	
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can	Patients can refer	
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	themselves in specific situations, please	
	comment acute	
	problem or chronic with	
	good knowledge of	
	their situation	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical	Mainly it is the	
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	reimbursement, but	
	most of our patients	
	know that for acute	
	problems they need to	
	act fast therefore they	
	take the self-referral	
	pathway	
		,
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
	√	√
	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist	✓ ✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker		√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)	\frac{1}{3}	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker		√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)	\frac{1}{3}	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the	\frac{1}{3}	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the	\frac{1}{3}	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: A medical specialist A general practitioner Another health care worker Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.	\frac{1}{3}	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: A medical specialist A general practitioner Another health care worker Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.	\frac{1}{3}	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: A medical specialist A general practitioner Another health care worker Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	\frac{1}{3}	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: A medical specialist A general practitioner Another health care worker Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}	√
 A general practitioner Another health care worker Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) 	\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}	√

	should be legally allowed	
	anowed	
Additional information	The national system	According to existing
	needs to invest more	legislation, patients can
	money on	self-refer to
	physiotherapy since it is	physiotherapy services,
	a major problem solver	however health
	for most issued	insurance companies
	regarding human health	cover the expenses only
		if a referral is signed by a
		medical practitioner.

Country	CZECK REPUBLIC	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	always required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	√
- Physiotherapy treatment type	✓	
- Area to be treated	✓	
- Number of treatment sessions	√	
- Frequency	/	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	√	
in consultation with the prescriber	·	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		√
Other (please specify)	that is for care paid by	
	health insurance, for	
	other we only need	
	doctor diagnosis and	
	aim of therapy	
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	✓	
 To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed 	✓	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not		
required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can	✓	Patients can self-refer
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		physiotherapy for
1, 1, 1, 1		prevention.
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical		
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
		/
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.		√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the		
physiotherapy treatment.		
	1	

If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	there is no different, it depends, if the physiotherapy - clinic, hospitalare part of system of health insurance or not	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	1	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	access to physiotherapy, be able to refer patient to medical doctor, x ray,provide sonography	
Additional information		Patients with a prescription including: diagnosis, number of visits, purpose, techniques, therapy parameters get reimbursement. Patients with a prescription including: diagnosis do not get reimbursement.

Country	DENMARK	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	✓	never required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	√	
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)	The doctor diagnosis is	
	only mandatory in	
	some ways of referral	
	i.e. from hospital to	
	primary care.	
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services		
 To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed 	✓	
 Some other important reason, please comment 		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not		Patients can always refe
required?		themselves.
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can	Patients can always	
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	refer themselves to	
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	physiotherapy	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical	Depending on the	
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	diagnosis, the patient	
	might have access to	
	full reimbursement og	
	part reimbursement	

	from the public health insurance. Supplement reimbursement from private health insurance can also be dependent on prescription.	
	,	/
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?		
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	7	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	100% direct access meaning that the public reimbursement follows the patient, not referral from GP. Access for PTs to refer to other healthcare services	
Additional information		If a patient wants
Additional information		If a patient wants reimbursement a medical prescription is necessary. If a patient needs treatment at home, it must appear on the referral.

Country	ESTONIA	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	always required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		✓
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	✓	✓
Other (please specify)	This is a legal grey area.	
	Currently only the	
	name and signature of	
	the doctor are needed	
	on the referral, but	

		T
	many doctors include	
	the number of sessions,	
	diagnosis and some	
	recommendations on	
	methods	
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
 To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed 	✓	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	Patients can refer themselves only to paid (non-reimbursed) appointments	
Ave those differences het were retired with self-referred and retireds with a readise.	Dationto with colf	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical	Patients with self-	
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	referral have to pay.	
	Patients with a medical	
	prescription don't, they	
	are covered by national	
	health insurance.	
	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	V	V
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
 A general practitioner 		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country	Regarding autonomy,	
compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	legally there is no	
	difference in decision	
	making since, in the	
	public system, the only	
	thing needed from the	
	medical doctor is a	
	signed referral. There	
	might be comments	
	about treatment	
	methods etc on the	
	referral, but the physios	
	are legally free to make	
	their own decisions.	
	The autonomy is more	
	influenced by the	
	specific institution's	
	work culture. Physios	
	might experience some	
	authority and pressure	
	from the medical	
	doctor to follow their	
	prescribed methods. In	
	the private sector, there	
	is usually no pressure	I
	from medical doctors and physios are free to	

	mades thesis arrow	1
	make their own	
	decisions from	
	assessment, setting the	
	goals to treatment	
	methods.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	6	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10		
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	The main aspect of	
country?	professional autonomy	
	we (MO) would like to	
	see improved, is the	
	direct referral from the	
	family physician.	
	Currently, the family	
	physician can refer to	
	physiotherapy via	
	referring to a	
	rehabilitation doctor or	
	using their "therapy	
	fund" which has very	
	limited resources. Our	
	position is, that in	
	certain musculoskeletal	
	diagnoses and other	
	already diagnosed	
	chronic conditions, the	
	rehabilitation doctor is	
	an unnecessary link	
	between family	
	physician and	
	physiotherapist.	
	Removing this link	
	would result in more	
	autonomy and shorter	
	queues.	
	,	
Additional information		
	1	

Country	FINLAND	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	required	sometimes required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type	✓	✓
- Area to be treated	✓	
- Number of treatment sessions	✓	✓
- Frequency	✓	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber	✓	
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	√	
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	✓	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	✓	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		Patients can refer themselves in specific situations.

If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	Patients can always refer themselves to physiotherapy in private sector. In public sector they can refer themselves for guidance and counselling from physiotherapist. And some health care centers patient can refer themselves to physiotherapy in case of MSD(advanced scope of practice protocol).	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	Patients with self- referral do not get reimbursement in private sector.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	Within the private system patient can always refer himself/herself to physiotherapy.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	8	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	To have more rights to refer to another medical specialist and to diagnostic tests (incl. x-ray).	
Additional information	There is planned to come a social- and health care reform in near future, which will change organizations quite a lot. It will also influence to the work of physiotherapists. We are also concerned about the lack of nurses and it's influence to our profession. Some people think, that physiotherapists can easily be moved to do nursing and care work.	Usually a medical doctors referral is needed however there are some installed procedures where there is an agreement that patients can access physiotherapy directly.

Country	FRANCE	
,	2022	2020
Medical prescription	√	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated	√	
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Consider of the treatment in the procedution can be adapted by the physiotheranic		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist n consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	√	
Other (please specify)	'	V
Other (please specify)		
Albuis the medical prescription peeded in the public system?		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	 ,	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	√	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not		
required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can	emergency or protocol	
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
And the are difference and between matients with salf referred and matients with a modified	in account calf national	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical	in case of self referral	
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	provided by law, it's	
	reimbursed	
		,
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	\checkmark
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	V	V
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner	√	
- Another health care worker	· ·	
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray	,	
- A-Nay	√	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the		
physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country		
compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?		
compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services:		
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	3	
our country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	5	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	direct access, extension	
country?	of possibilities of	
Sound y:		
	prescription as x rays,	
	drugs and medical leave	
	are not the common	
	law but exceptional	
	situation in some	
	particular situation	
Additional lands were the second lands and the second lands and the second lands are second lands and the second lands are second lands and the second lands are second lands ar	Alabara	
Additional information	things are moving now	
	a lot and, as there is a	
	huge lack of physicians, physiotherapists should	
	nnyciothoranists chould	

have shortly new	
improvement	
possibilities and	
responsibilities. We can	
vaccinate now, and of	
course test	

Country	GERMANY	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	If the PT has a special	always required
	advanced training as	
	(sektoraler Heilpraktiker	
	für Physiotherapy) he is	
	allowed to treat the	
	patient directly. But this	
	treatment can only be paid privately.	
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?	paid privately.	
- Doctor diagnosis	√	√
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated	√	✓
- Number of treatment sessions	✓	✓
- Frequency	✓	✓
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	✓	
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		\checkmark
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist Other (please specify)		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	/	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can		
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical		
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
	,	·
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Dhuriakh agariska aga lagallu aukh ariaa dha disaakh ar fana araktarak ka		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner - Another health care worker		
- Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray		
Λ-nay		
Dhusiakh agaiska aga lagallu aukh agaa dha gasaadha agadhishta a saasta 511		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
physiotherapy treatment.		

The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	3	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	Direct Access	
country?		
Additional information		

Country	GREE	CE
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	✓	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
 Number of treatment sessions 		\checkmark
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		✓
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber	✓	✓
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	√	
Other (please specify)	•	
M. Crest II		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	,/	
- Some other important reason, please comment	·	
John Carlot Important reason, preason comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	Patients can always refer themselves to physiotherapy	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	Self-referral can visit only the private PT office.	
	√	<u> </u>
	V	V
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the		
- A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: A medical specialist A general practitioner Another health care worker Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	7	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	7 Direct access	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: A medical specialist A general practitioner Another health care worker Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10		

Country	HUNGARY	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	prescription necessary only in the public health care	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	√
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber		√
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?	,	
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	√	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	Patients can always refer themselves to physiotherapy	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	Patient with self-referral can visit only the private PT office	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	√	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist- A general practitioner	√	√
- Another health care worker	V	V
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
17 May		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	Only the way, how the patient can enter the PT service. If she/he wants to visit the public system, the doctor's prescription is required	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	5	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Prescribing a medical device	
Additional information		

Country	ICEL	AND
·	2022	2020
Madial grassistics	No. it is not on a suring d	n avon va avviva d
Medical prescription	No, it is never required before a	never required
	physiotherapist can	
	engage with a patient	
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services		
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
University to a serious to a few and the subject the survey of the survey of the large contesting to such		Datients and description
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not		Patients can always ref
required?	Dationto and alvers	themselves
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can	Patients can always refer themselves to	
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
	physiotherapy	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical		
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
processification and angle community area		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		✓
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the		
physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country	No difference regarding	
compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	autonomy but	
	limitations of	
	reimbursement within	
	the private sector if	
	self-referral of patient.	the state of the s
	self-referral of patient.	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	8	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	8 Being able to	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	8 Being able to officially/legally refer	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	8 Being able to officially/legally refer patients to other health	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	8 Being able to officially/legally refer	

	to send patients to x- rays, catscan etc.	
Additional information		Patients can always self- refer for a limited number of sessions. If more sessions are needed a referral from a medical doctor is required for reimbursement.

Country	ISR	AEL
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	never required	sometimes required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services		
 To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed 		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the matient referred to the relative them are a realized procedure in the		Dationto aou comotino
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		Patients can sometime refer themselves to physiotherapy.
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	Patients can always refer themselves to physiotherapy	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical		
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
	√	/
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	V	V
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country		
compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?		
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	7	
	·	1

What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Refer to mri, x-ray	
Additional information		The system is a mixed system with transitions
		occurring.

Country	ITALY	
Country	2022	2020
Medical prescription	Required, but not always in private sector	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	\checkmark	✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions	✓	
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		✓
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?	_	
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner - Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
And		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	In private sector, physios use to assess the patient also without a medical prescription. They will refer to another specialist if needed after the assessment. The national professional profile states that a	

physio work using the medical diagnose and prescription as a reference, but he/she works in autonomy.	
3	
More autonomy, self referral and direct access	
	medical diagnose and prescription as a reference, but he/she works in autonomy. 3 More autonomy, self referral and direct

Country	KOSO	VO
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	✓	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		√
- Physiotherapy treatment type		✓
- Area to be treated	✓	✓
- Number of treatment sessions	/	√
- Frequency	•	
		•
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	√	
without asking the prescriber	·	
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	√	
Other (please specify)	·	
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	✓	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	√	
- Some other important reason, please comment	·	
1 71		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	Patients can always refer themselves to physiotherapy	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	Self-referral patients doesn't get reimbursement	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	\checkmark
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist	✓	/
- A general practitioner	√ √	<u>√</u>
- Another health care worker		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	√	
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)	√	
- X-Ray	√	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If a challenge which has a serior difference within the challenge with the challenge of the challenge with the challenge of t	In a short	
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	In private system physiotherapists can	

	evaluate, diagnose and treat patients while in public system physiotherapists can only works with referred patients and treatment plan.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	5	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Higher competencies in evaluation in public system Not to be depended from physiatrist reimbursment	
Additional information	We need to have specializations in physiotherapy which still is not regulated by law, we are working on this direction and we need any support from the region.	

Country	LATVIA	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	✓	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	\checkmark
- Physiotherapy treatment type		✓
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber	✓	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	✓	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	There is no self-referral to Physiotherapist in the NHS system.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		

		1
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	Within the private system, patient self-referral exists, PT is direct-access specialist and can refer to other medical specialists, but it will be service for charge. PT cannot send patient to diagnostic tests.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	4	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Direct access in NHS system; Ability to refer to other medical specialists, as well as specific diagnostic procedures.	
Additional information		

Country	LEBANON	
	2022	2020
A4 P 1 2 2 2	,	
Medical prescription	√	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?	,	,
- Doctor diagnosis	√	√
- Physiotherapy treatment type	✓	✓
- Area to be treated	✓	√
- Number of treatment sessions	✓	✓
- Frequency		✓
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber	✓	
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	✓	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	✓	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		

Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?		
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	3	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Legislation and implementation of direct access.	
Additional information		

Country	LIEC	HTENSTEIN
	2022	2020
Madical proportion	,	n aven na avina d
Medical prescription		never required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated	✓	
- Number of treatment sessions	\checkmark	
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber	✓	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	✓	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		Medical doctors can refer to physiotherap
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		

Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		✓
- A general practitioner		✓
- Another health care worker		✓
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?		
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	4	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	That patients can come directly to the Therapist. But the politics does not want it because they think there will be too much costs.	
Additional information		Patients can self-refer to
Additional mornation		physiotherapy services without reimbursement.

Country	LITH	IUANIA
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	n/a	never required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	n/a	
- Physiotherapy treatment type	n/a	
- Area to be treated	n/a	
- Number of treatment sessions	n/a	
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber	n/a	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	n/a	
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	n/a	
Other (please specify)	n/a	
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	n/a	
 To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed 	n/a	
- Some other important reason, please comment	n/a	
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not	n/a	Medical doctors and
required?		other health
		professionals can refe to physiotherapy.
	n/a	to physiotherapy.
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can	n/a	
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical	n/a	
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
Physiotheranists are legally authorised to assess the natient	n/a	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	n/	'a

Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	n/a	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist	n/a	
- A general practitioner	n/a	✓
- Another health care worker	n/a	
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)	n/a	
- X-Ray	n/a	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.	n/a	
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	n/a	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	n/a	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	n/a	
Additional information	n/a	

Country	LUXEMBOURG	
	2022	2020
Madial grassintia		alvenie en avian d
Medical prescription	√	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?	,	
- Doctor diagnosis	√	✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type	√	
- Area to be treated	✓	✓
- Number of treatment sessions	✓	✓
- Frequency	✓	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		√
in consultation with the prescriber	,	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber	✓	
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	/	/
Other (please specify)	V	V
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services		
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	✓	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?	Patients can always refer themselves to physiotherapy.	
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical	The only difference is	
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	the reimbursement.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.		✓
i nysiotherapists are regaily authorised to assess the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
		/
- A general practitioner		✓

- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	We only have one healthcare system, Caisse nationale de la santé (public). But everybody can choose to have an additional assurance. It does not change the autonomy in physiotherapy services.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	8	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Direct access	
Additional information		

Country	MALTA	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	not required	never required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services		
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?	Patients can always refer themselves to physiotherapy.	Patients can always refe themselves to physiotherapy.
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		

- A general practitioner	✓	✓
- Another health care worker	✓	✓
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray	✓	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?		
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	7	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	Prescription of selected	
country?	medication.	
Additional information		

MONTENEGRO	
2022	2020
✓	always required
✓	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	,
	√
from specialist of orthopedic: in the prescription is medical diagnosis and indication to start with physiotherapy and in that case the physiotherapists decide which procedure, area to be treated, number of treatment sessions, type, intensity, frequency etc and physiotherapists will apply them to the patient. If the patient comes from specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation: the prescription is written by him, so physiotherapist will apply them.	
<u> </u>	
	If the patient comes from specialist of orthopedic: in the prescription is medical diagnosis and indication to start with physiotherapy and in that case the physiotherapists decide which procedure, area to be treated, number of treatment sessions, type, intensity, frequency etc and physiotherapists will apply them to the patient. If the patient comes from specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation: the prescription is written by him, so physiotherapist will

If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify. Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country? Especially at primary level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level health center.	How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc. physiotherapy services in public system. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country's level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level -			
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient. Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country? spublic system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country? Especially at primary level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level -		to have on self-referral physiotherapy services	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country? Especially at primary level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level -	Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.		√
- A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country? Especially at primary level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level -	Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment. If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? In private sector there are possibility to have on self-referral physiotherapy services. The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country? Especially at primary level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level -	- A medical specialist - A general practitioner - Another health care worker - Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services? The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country? Especially at primary level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level -			
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country? Especially at primary level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level -		are possibility to have on self-referral	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country? Especially at primary level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level -			
country? level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level -		2	
		level: to have opportunity to work with patients without thinking (prescription) of specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation which are not in plan by the systematization of jobs in the primary level -	
Additional information	Additional information		

Country	NORWAY	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	not required	never required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		

Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services		
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?	Patients can always refer themselves to physiotherapy.	Patients can always refer themselves.
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner	✓	✓
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	The autonomy of Norwegian physiotherapists are not dependent of where he/she works.	
The everall caticfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotheranists in	8	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	8	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	Poforral rights can be	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Referral rights can be improved, especially directly referral to the specialist health care service.	
A Library Land Company		A4 1.11 1.1
Additional information		Manual therapists are legally authorised to refer patients directly to medical specialists and X-Ray.

Country	POLAND	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated	✓	✓
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		√

Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	✓	
without asking the prescriber Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	,	,
Other (please specify)	V	V
Other (piease speerly)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	_/	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	./	
- Some other important reason, please comment	V	
Some other important reason, prease comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	It is needed to regain the funding for the service.	
	,	,
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	The private system is reimbursed either by the patient's money or the private packets financed by the employer. Within the private market, PT is fully independent. Private practices are regulated.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	6	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	More Advanced Practice: prescribing medicaments, refer to other specialists, to other examinations (such as X-rays), skin interruption (Botulinum injections).	
Additional information		A physicath are relative
Additional information		A physiotherapist may order treatments, the medical doctor issues a referral for the treatments. A medical doctor rehabilitation specialist can determine the type of treatment. A physiotherapist can only

change this in		
consultation with the		
doctor.		

Country	PORTU	IGAL
Country	2022	2020
Medical prescription	required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	√
- Physiotherapy treatment type	✓	✓
- Area to be treated	√	√
- Number of treatment sessions	√	√
- Frequency	/	·
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	√	√
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	✓	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	✓	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	It is not possible to self- refer to Physiotherapy in the public sector.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	In the private sector there is a demand from the organization where physiotherapy units are registered (not with strength of law) specifying that patients need an indication (not a prescription) stating that the patients need Physiotherapy. This indication may be issued by any medical	

	doctor. Patients can refer themselves to Physiotherapy and will have direct access to the physiotherapist, being a sole and exclusive decision of the patient seeking the physiotherapist to do so. However, there are some insurers, and insurances, that charge directly for treatments, but there are also insurances that require prior medical consultation as a clinical indication for medical referral for reimbursement purposes. If the patient wants to pay from his own pocket he can refer directly to the physiotherapist.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	4	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	In the public system, physiotherapists should be the sole responsible to define their own intervention and should be able to refer the patient to other health professionals. Direct access is not completely implemented in Portugal and in the public sector access to the physiotherapist is conditioned. In the private sector, patients can refer directly to the physiotherapist but reimbursement from the government and insurers is not possible, which also limits the access to physiotherapy services.	
Additional information	In the public sector, although legally physiotherapists are autonomous (Decree- Law No. 111/2017 states that the physiotherapist is responsible for the acts of Physiotherapy he practices and responsible for the evaluation, planning, interpretation, clinical decision making, treatment and evaluation of results of his clients, with the	

final aim of promoting
health, prevention,
diagnosis, treatment,
rehabilitation and
reintegration process),
the hierarchical
structure of the
"Physical Medicine and
Rehabilitation Service"
forces the medial
diagnosis and
prescription from a
Physical Medicine and
Rehabilitation Specialist
prior the patient can
see a physiotherapist.
When patients are
discharged from the
public system, since
medical doctors are
responsible for
clearance from
rehabilitation services,
patients are referred to
private Physical
Medicine and
Rehabilitation units. If
patients want, they can
seek private
Physiotherapy Unit but
most will follow the
referral to a PMR
service.

Country	REBUPLIC O	F IRELAND
	2022	2020
Madical association		
Medical prescription	never required	never required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
 To have an access to physiotherapy services 		
 To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed 		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not	Medical doctors and	Medical doctors and
required?	other health	other health
	professionals can refer	professionals can refer
	to physiotherapy.	to physiotherapy.
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can	Patients can self refer to	Patients can self-refer
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	private practitioners,	for outpatient
The state of the proportionary in specific state of the specific	some health services	physiotherapy.
	require referral from a	
	medical professional	

Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist	/	√
- A general practitioner	√	√
- Another health care worker	√	·
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)	·	· ✓
- X-Ray	,	,
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
	0.15	
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	Self referral is routine practice for private physiotherapy services, for public services stricter referral criteria applies and self referral is not accepted in most physiotherapy services and onward referral between private and public would usually require a GP referral. In Ireland we have private and public health care and the referral systems are quite complex and convoluted.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	5	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10 What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Prescription and referral for elements of care such as ionising radiation, injection therapy, oxygen prescription and recognition of advanced practice and consultant level for physiotherapists	
Additional information		There is no specific legal authorisation stating a physiotherapist is authorised or not to assess and diagnose. A referral would be required in most inpatient settings.

Country	ROMANIA
	2022
Medical prescription	✓
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?	
- Doctor diagnosis	✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type	✓

- Area to be treated	
- Number of treatment sessions	√
- Frequency	/
rrequeriey	V
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	
in consultation with the prescriber	
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	
without asking the prescriber	
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	
Other (please specify)	
M 1 77	
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?	
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	
- Some other important reason, please comment	
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not	
required?	
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	
Telef themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical	
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:	
- A medical specialist	
- A general practitioner	
- Another health care worker	
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)	
- X-Ray	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the	
physiotherapy treatment.	
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country	
compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	
eomparea to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services!	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	1
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	_
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	We wish to see the educational system improve
country?	and cover all current problems, so that
•	physiotherapists have the necessary
	competencies after graduation to be entitled to
	more autonomy.

Country	SL	SLOVAKIA	
	2022	2020	
Medical prescription	√	always required	
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?			
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	✓	
- Physiotherapy treatment type		✓	
- Area to be treated		✓	
- Number of treatment sessions			
- Frequency			

Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	/	
- Some other important reason, please comment	V	
Some state important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	Every patient needs to have a medical prescription referral to attend physiotherapy due to law and reimbursement.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner - Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI) - X-Ray		
- A-nay		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	Even though the law allows to physiotherapists to attend patients only based on medical prescription of doctor with specialization, usually there is a physiatry doctor in public sector who prescribes the whole treatment and it is up to interpersonal relationships if a physiotherapist can step in and change or add to a treatment plan. Some physiotherapists proclaim their practice as massage centre or movement centre to have a direct access to patients.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	5	

What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your	We would like to be	
country?	able to treat patients	
	based on diagnose	
	prescription that is	
	needed for	
	reimbursement with a	
	opportunity to send a	
	patient to physiatrist if	
	he thinks it is necessary.	
	A physiotherapist	
	should be able to	
	prescribe protetics if	
	necessary. Also there is	
	a gap in the law that a	
	physiotherapist can	
	work based on a	
	prescription of	
	specialist if the	
	guideline doesn't say	
	otherwise what can	
	become problem in the	
	future.	
Additional information		

Country	SLOVE	NIA
	2022	2020
Madical procesiation	,	always required
Medical prescription	√	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	√	√
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated	√	
- Number of treatment sessions		✓
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		/
in consultation with the prescriber		√
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist	✓	
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	✓	✓
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	/	
- Some other important reason, please comment	V	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	Only to private PT practice.	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	Patients with self referral can only be treated by physiotherapists in private practice (but they should pay for PT service).	
	√	<u> </u>
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	V	V
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	

Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	Private system PT has more autonomy in PT services regarding public PT services due to self referral of the patient etc.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	3	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Comparing to GB, USA Canada and other countries where PTs can work with autonomy.	
Additional information		

Country	SPAIN	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type		✓
- Area to be treated	✓	
- Number of treatment sessions	✓	✓
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber		✓
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	In the public service and private insurance they need a mandatory medical prescription in the private sphere they can go by themselves .	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	✓

Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	✓
Dhyriotherapiets are legally authorized to directly refer a national to		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to: - A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner - Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	In the private system, patients attend without a prescription and in the public system, a prescription by a doctor is mandatory.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	2	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Direct referral to Physiotherapy. 2. Physiotherapy in emergencies. 3. Physiotherapy consultation	
Additional information	95% of physiotherapists work in private physiotherapy and only 5% in the public.	

Country	SW	/EDEN
,	2022	2020
Medical prescription	not required	never required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	√	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		Patients can always refe themselves.
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		

Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.		✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist	√	√
- A general practitioner	·	·
- Another health care worker	√	√
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)	√	√
- X-Ray	/	<i>y</i>
Artay	V	V
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	There are no differences in autonomy.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in	9	
your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	9	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	The legal autonomy is high, however, because of tradition and rigid systems, we have not implement the autonomy to its full potential. For example referring to X-ray or to another health-care specialist.	
	-1	Alul I II I
Additional information	This is a good way!	Although a medical prescription is not required, a patient can be referred to physiotherapy by means of a formal medical referral or by way of recommendation by a medical doctor, a nurse or another medical practitioner.

Country	SWITZERLAND	
	2022 2020	2020
Medical prescription	required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	✓	✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		✓
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		✓
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist	✓	✓
Other (please specify)	Goals of treatment	
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services		

- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	√	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	Reimbursement, self referral is not paid by insurance.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner	√	✓
- Another health care worker	✓	
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?		
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	3	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Self referral for all patients, paid by insurance, PT allow to refer patients to specialists, x-ray, mri, prescribe some medication.	
Additional information		
_ Additional information	1	

Country	THE NETHERLANDS	
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	not required	never required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
 To have an access to physiotherapy services 		
 To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed 		
- Some other important reason, please comment		

How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not required?		Patients can always refer themselves to physiotherapy.
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	Medical doctors, other health care professionals or patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy.	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical		
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
	,	,
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	✓
Dhuri shi ang ista ang langlik ang kaning dan dinash ang ang ang ing tang		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist - A general practitioner	,	,
- A general practitioner - Another health care worker	√	√
	√	
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country		
compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?		
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	7	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Referral to other specialists.	
Additional information		

Country	TU	RKEY
	2022	2020
Medical prescription	not required	always required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		✓
- Physiotherapy treatment type		✓
- Area to be treated		✓
- Number of treatment sessions		✓
- Frequency		✓
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		✓
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
 To have an access to physiotherapy services 		
 To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed 		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not		
required?		

	1	1
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.		
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:	,	
- A medical specialist	√	,
- A general practitioner	√	√
- Another health care worker	√	
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	There is no difference between them exception of health promotion clinics which the physiotherapists have their own autonomy .	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	2	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	- to work directly with all the medical specialists without referral from physiatrist - to have direct access - to have professional regulation to be owner of the private clinics or rehabilitation center - to be able to prescribe orthosis, prosthesis, walking aids and devices and also some basic medications for musculoskeletal pain or spasm -to be able to do research or postgraduate education without having physiatrist's permission	
Additional information	Although physiotherapy	If a physiotherapist is
	education in Turkey is a high level education and included in the science science university level, there is a big pressure by the physiatrists on health system and on our professional law. Thus our professional law is not at a level to reveal the definition of our profession and the	collaborating with medical doctors, they can do assessments, treatment planning and make discharge decisions.

knowledge,	
competencies and skills	
of our education level,	
and our professional	
autonomy is quite	
limited.	

Country	UKRA	AINE
,	2022	2020
Medical prescription	required	never required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis	√	
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Consisting of the Aventure art in the avency inting any he adouted by the why sinth avenint		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)	Contraindication and	
Other (please specify)	indication of Physical	
	Therapy.	
	тистару.	
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services	√	
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed	V	
- Some other important reason, please comment		
Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not		Patients can always refer
required?		themselves to
		physiotherapy.
If it addition to a solitary decision was a large to the solitary and the	Patients can always	F 7
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can	refer themselves to	
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	physiotherapy.	
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical	Differences is in	
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.	payment. If patient self-	
	referral he/she pay	
	form own pocket.	
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	✓	✓
	,	,
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist		
- A general practitioner		
- Another health care worker		
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)		
- X-Ray		
Dhusiath againte and leadly out to describe a second and the second as a secon		
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the		
physiotherapy treatment.		
If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country	In public system all	
compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	prescriptions and other	
	services for physical	
	therapy is not be able	
	without signature	

	physical rehabilitation medicine doctor.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	1	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	We needs others understanding, philosophy, approaches and laws in rehabilitation in health system.	
Additional information		

Country	UK	
·	2022	2020
Medical prescription	not required	never required
What needs to be included by law in the medical prescription?		
- Doctor diagnosis		
- Physiotherapy treatment type		
- Area to be treated		
- Number of treatment sessions		
- Frequency		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist in consultation with the prescriber		
Specifics of the treatment in the prescription can be adapted by the physiotherapist		
without asking the prescriber		
Treatment is the sole responsibility of the physiotherapist		
Other (please specify)		
Why is the medical prescription needed in the public system?		
- To have an access to physiotherapy services		
- To have the physiotherapy services reimbursed		
- Some other important reason, please comment		
How is the patient referred to physiotherapy when a medical prescription is not		Patients can refer
required?		themselves in specifi
requireu:		situations.
	Medical doctors, other	Patients can self-refer
If in addition to a medical doctor or another health care professional, patients can	health professionals	a physiotherapist in th
refer themselves to physiotherapy in specific situations, please specify.	and patients	NHS where the
	themselves can refer to	commissioners of heal
	physiotherapy.	services allow this.
Are there differences between patients with self-referral and patients with a medical		
prescription referral e.g. reimbursement, etc.		
	/	,
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to assess the patient.	√	√
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to diagnose the patient.	✓	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to directly refer a patient to:		
- A medical specialist	✓	√
- A general practitioner	✓	✓
- Another health care worker	✓	✓
- Diagnostic tests (e.g. MRI)	✓	✓
- X-Ray	✓	✓
Physiotherapists are legally authorised to prescribe medication as part of the	✓	✓
physiotherapy treatment.		
b.,,,		

If existing, what is the main difference within the private system of your country compared to the public system regarding autonomy in physiotherapy services?	None in terms of autonomy.	
The overall satisfaction rate with the legal level of autonomy for physiotherapists in your country's public system on the scale from 0 to 10	9	
What aspects of professional autonomy would you like to see improved in your country?	Commissioners of public services can restrict access to patients for patients eg to self refer to a physiotherapist.	
Additional information		There is extensive self- referral in the NHS, however some commissioners in the UK restrict this.